



## (NEP Scheme)

### CRIMINOLOGY AND FORENSIC SCIENCE Introduction to Forensic Science

Time: 2½ Hours Max. Marks: 60

#### PART - A

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$ 

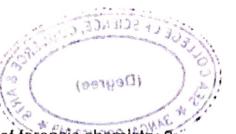
- 1. Define Mahazaar.
- 2. What is oral evidence?
- 3. Define Forensic Ballistics.
- 4. What is Locard's Principle of Exchange?
- 5. What is computer forensics?
- 6. Define Narcotic Unit.
- 7. What is Central Reserve Police Force?
- 8. What is the role of Dog squad?

#### PART - B

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$ 

- 9. What are the qualifications of Forensic Scientists?
- 10. Explain the code of conduct for forensic scientist.
- 11. Explain digital and cyber forensics.
- 12. What is questioned document examination?
- 13. What is Forensic physics and its importance in forensic science?



- 14. What are the functions of forensic chemistry ?
- 15. Explain central detective training school.
- 16. What is the role of National Police Academy?

#### PART - C

Answer any 3 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12)$ 

- 17. Explain the steps involved in report writing.
- 18. Explain the contribution of Sir Edgar Hoover through the FBI ?
- 19. What are the scientific kits available in mobile forensic lab?
- 20. Explain the role of CBI and FBI.

#### PART - D

Answer any 5 questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$ 

- 21. Explain the principle of Forensic Science.
- 22. What is the definition, scope, need and functions of forensic science?
- 23. Explain the branches of forensic science.
- 24. What is the history of Forensic Science?
- 25. Explain about the branches of Forensic Science laboratories.
- 26. Explain Central, State and Regional forensic science laboratories.
- 27. Explain the role of BPR&D.
- 28. Explain the functions and hierarchical set up of law enforcement agencies.





I Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, May/June 2022 (NEP)

### CRIMINOLOGY AND FORENSIC SCIENCE Basic Forensic Chemistry

Time: 2½ Hours Max. Marks: 60

Instructions: 1) The question paper has 4 Parts. Answer all the four Parts.

2) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

#### PART - A

Answer any six of the following questions. Each question carries one mark.  $(6 \times 1 = 6)$ 

- 1. Define normality.
- 2. What is bond order?
- 3. Give one use for neon.
- 4. What are f-block elements?
- 5. What is meant by tetravalency of carbon?
- 6. Define hybridization.
- 7. Give an example for a complexometric titration.
- 8. What is standard solution?

#### PART - B

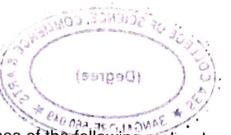
Answer any six of the following questions. Each question carries two marks. (6×2=12)

- 9. Define formal charge.
- 10. Define:
  - i) Change in internal energy
  - ii) Entropy.
- 11. Write a note on acidic corrosives.
- 12. What is lanthanide contraction?
- 13. Specify the hybridization of carbon in the following molecules.
  - i) CH,

ii) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>

iii) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>

iv) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>





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- 14. Write the IUPAC names of the following molecules.
  - i)  $CH_3 CH(OH) CH = CH CH_3$
  - ii) CH<sub>3</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>- CHO
- 15. Explain the term Seeding of crystallisation.
- 16. What is the principle of gravimetric analysis?

#### PART - C

Answer any three of the following questions. Each question carries four marks. (3×4=12)

- 17. Give any four differences between Sigma and Pi bonds.
- 18. Explain any two properties each for anomalous behaviour of beryllium and its diagonal relationship with Aluminium.
- 19. Explain substitution reaction with an example.
- 20. Briefly explain electro gravimetric analysis.

#### PART - D

Answer any five of the following questions. Each question carries six marks. (5×6=30)

- 21. What is hydrogen bonding? Explain its types with examples.
- 22. What is an ionic bond? Explain the formation of ionic bond with illustration.
- 23. a) Give any two differences between order and molecularity.
  - b) Define pseudo first order reaction. Give an example.
  - c) Explain (i) Isotopes (ii) Isobars with an example.
- 24. Discuss the classification of elements into s, p, d and f block elements.
- 25. What are polymers? Explain addition and condensation polymers with examples.
- 26. Explain the classification of organic compounds with one example for each class.
- 27. Explain distillation and fractional distillation with neat diagram.
- 28. What are titrimetric analysis? Briefly explain its classification.





I Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, February/March 2023 (NEP)

#### **FORENSIC SCIENCE**

FS-102: Basic Forensic Chemistry

Time: 21/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Instructions: 1) The question paper has 4 Parts. Answer all the four

2) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

#### PART - A

Answer any six of the following questions. Each question carries one mark: (6×1=6)

- 1. Define Molality.
- 2. What is pH?
- 3. Calculate the molecular mass of  $K_2Cr_2O_7$ . Given Atomic mass of K = 39; Cr = 52; O = 16.
- 4. Give the general electronic configuration of d-block elements.
- 5. What are acidic corrosives?
- 6. Explain isotopes with an example.
- 7. What is meant by tetravalency of carbon?
- 8. What is titration?

#### PART - B

Answer any six of the following questions. Each question carries two marks: (6×2=12)

- 9. Calculate the molarity of a solution containing 4.9 g of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> in one dm<sup>3</sup> solution. Molar mass of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> = 98.0 g.
- 10. Define: (i) change in internal energy, (ii) entropy.
- 11. What are chalcogens? Give an example.
- 12. Define electronegativity. Name the most electronegative element.
- 13. Mention any two consequences of lanthanide contraction.



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- 14. Explain elimination reaction with an example.
- 15. Explain the term seeding of crystallisation.
- 16. What is the principle of gravimetric analysis?

#### PART - C

Answer any three of the following questions. Each question carries four marks. (3×4=12)

- 17. Give any four differences between sigma and pi bonds.
- 18. Explain any two properties each for anomalous behaviour of beryllium and its diagonal relationship with Aluminium.
- 19. Explain  ${\rm sp}^3$  hybridisation taking  ${\rm CH}_4$  as an example.
- 20. Explain solvent extraction technique for the separation of organic compounds.

#### PART - D

Answer any five of the following questions. Each question carries six marks. (5×6=30)

- 21. What is hydrogen bonding? Explain its types with examples.
- 22. What is an ionic bond? Explain the formation of ionic bond with illustration.
- 23. Discuss the classification of elements into s, p, d and f block elements.
- 24. a) Give any two differences between order and molecularity.
  - b) Where and why are the elements with atomic numbers 58 to 71 placed separately in the periodic table?
  - c) What are isoelectronic ions? Illustrate with an example.
- 25. What are polymers? Explain addition and condensation polymers with examples.
- 26. Explain the classification of organic compounds with one example for each class.
- 27. Explain distillation and fractional distillation with neat diagram.
- 28. Briefly explain electro gravimetric analysis with a diagram.





# First Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination February/March 2023 (NEP Scheme) FORENSIC SCIENCE Introduction to Forensic Science

Time: 2½ Hours Max. Marks: 60

#### PART - A

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$ 

- 1. Define forensic science.
- 2. Define first responder.
- 3. What is meant by forensic anthropology?
- 4. Define Mahazar.
- 5. Expand INTERPOL.
- 6. Define BPR&D.
- 7. Define chain of custody.

#### PART - B

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

 $(2\times6=12)$ 

- 8. What are the ethics to be followed by Forensic Scientist?
- 9. Define forensic biology and serology.
- 10. Define Sec. 60 of IEA.
- 11. Explain the functions of civil police and reserved police.
- 12. Define RAW.
- 13. Define questioned document.
- 14. Define cyber forensic.
- 15. Define criminalistics.



#### PART - C

Answer any 3 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12)$ 

- 16. Explain the scope and need of forensic science.
- 17. Explain Daubert and Frye standard.
- 18. Write about the duties of forensic scientist.
- 19. Explain the hierarchical setup of FBI.

#### PART – D

Answer any 5 questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ 

- 20. Explain the principles of forensic science.
- 21. Explain the contributions of Sir Edger Hoover through the FBI.
- 22. Write about the history and development of various branches of forensic science.
- 23. Explain the format of report writing.
- 24. Explain the hierarchical setup of central, state and regional forensic science laboratories.
- 25. Explain the functions and hierarchical setup of RAW and CBI.
- 26. Explain class and individual evidence.





## First Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, February/March 2024 (NEP) (Freshers and Repeaters) CRIMINOLOGY AND FORENSIC SCIENCE Criminology

Time : 21/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Instructions :1) Part - A : Answer any 6 questions.

2) Part - B : Answer any 6 questions.

3) Part - C: Answer any 3 questions.

4) Part - D: Answer any 5 questions.

#### PART - A

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$ 

- 1 Define classical theory.
- 2. What is Actus Reus?
- 3. What is criminal breach of trust?
- 4. Define habitual criminal.
- 5. What is flogging?
- 6. Define positive punishment.
- 7. Define victimization.
- 8. Define victim proneness.

#### PART - B

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

 $(2 \times 6 = 12)$ 

- 9. Explain Routine Activity theory.
- 10. Define crime triangle.
- 11. Explain Prostitution.

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#### DCFS - 103

- 12. Explain sexual offence.
- 13. What is probation?
- 14. Explain Aftercare.
- 15. Explain secondary victimization.
- 16. Explain crime victim.

#### PART - C

#### Answer any 3 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$ 

- 17. Explain social learning theory and differential association theory.
- 18. Explain dowry and child labour.
- 19. Explain crime against property with sections.
- 20. What are the elements of crime?
- 21. Explain key concepts in criminology?

#### PART - D

Answer any 5 questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ 

- 22. Explain biological theory and positivist school of criminology.
- 23. Explain crime against person with sections.
- 24. Explain non institutional programs.
- 25. Explain types of criminals and elements of crime.
- Explain unusual programs in correctional administration and types of prisons.
- 27. Explain the historical perspectives of victimology and penology.
- 28. Explain theories of punishment.





### First Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, February/March 2024 (NEP Scheme) (Freshers and Repeaters) CRIMINOLOGY AND FORENSIC SCIENCE **Introduction to Forensic Science**

T	∫im∈	e : 2½ Hours	Max. Marks : 60
		Instructions: 1) Part – A: Answer any 6 questions. 2) Part – B: Answer any 6 questions. 3) Part – C: Answer any 3 questions. 4) Part – D: Answer any 5 questions.	
		PART – A	
	Ans	swer any 6 questions. Each question carries 1 mark.	(1×6=6)
	1.	Define forensic science.	
	2.	Define questioned document.	
	3.	The first CFSL was established in	
	4.	Who was the founder director of DFSS?	
	5.	What are the roles of Central Medico-legal Advisory Committe?	
	6.	Define RFSL.	
	7.	Expand RAW.	
		PART – B	
	۸n	cwor any 6 questions. Each question carries 2 marks	(2×6–12)

- 8. Explain the role of NCRB.
- 9. Differentiate Exculpatory and Inculpatory evidence.

#### DCFS - 101

- Explain the qualification requirements for forensic scientist.
- 11. Explain the functions of cyber and digital forensics.
- 12. Explain the function of dog squad in CSM.
- 13. Explain the history of forensic toxicology.
- 14. Define chain of custody.
- 15. Define Mahazaar.

#### PART - C

Answer any 3 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$ 

- 16. Discuss the principle of analysis and Law of Circumstantial Facts.
- 17. Enlist the function of computer forensics.
- 18. Write a note on Frye rule.
- 19. Explain the BPR and D.

#### PART - D

Answer any 5 questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ 

- 20. Explain history, development and hierarchial setup of DFSS.
- 21. Explain the function and hierarchial setup of INTERPOL.
- 22. Define physical evidence and explain its classification.
- 23. Describe about the development of CFSL.
- 24. Define any two branches in FSL and its functions.
- 25. Explain the ethics in forensic science.
- 26. Explain the history and development of forensic toxicology.





## I Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, February/March 2023 (NEP Scheme) FORENSIC SCIENCE Criminology

Time: 21/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

#### PART - A

Answer any 6 questions. Each carries 1 mark.

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$ 

- 1. Expand LSD.
- 2. What is moral imbeciles?
- 3. Give one example of depressant.
- 4. What is phishing ?
- 5. Who coined the term white collar criminal?
- 6. Define malware.
- 7. Define criminology.
- 8. Define tertiary victimization.

#### PART - B

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

 $(2 \times 6 = 12)$ 

- 9. Explain Cesare Lombroso criminal classification.
- 10. Explain drug abuse and its categories.
- 11. Definition of dowry with Section.
- 12. What are the types of crimes? Give example.
- 13. What are the after care services?

- 14. What are the types of prison?
- 15. Explain NCVS.
- 16. Define crime against property with example.

#### PART - C

Answer any 3 questions. Each carries 4 marks.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$ 

- 17. Write the difference between probation and parole.
- 18. What are the types of cyber crime?
- 19. What is forms of punishments?
- 20. Explain child labour.

#### PART - D

Answer any 5 questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

(6×5=30)

- 21. Explain Non-institutional programmes.
- 22. Explain the concept of punishment.
- 23. Explain the unusual problems in correctional administration.
- 24. Explain the key concepts of criminology.
- 25. Explain positive and containment school of criminology.
- 26. Explain the psychodynamics of victimization.
- 27. Explain Social problems and crime.